

Thunderstorms

Know the Terms Severe Thunderstorm Watch

Tells you when and where severe thunderstorms are likely to occur. Watch the sky and stay tuned to NOAA Weather Radio All Hazards, commercial radio, or local television for information.

Severe Thunderstorm Warning

Issued when severe weather has been reported by spotters or indicated by radar. Warnings indicate imminent danger to life and property to those in the path of the storm.

Before a Thunderstorm

- Consider how a disaster might affect your individual needs.
- Remove dead or rotting trees and branches that could fall and cause injury or damage during a severe thunderstorm.

When a Thunderstorm Is Likely

- Remember that lightning can strike as far as 10 miles from the area where it is raining. That's about the distance you can hear thunder. If you can hear thunder, you are within striking distance. Seek safe shelter immediately.
- Postpone outdoor activities.
- Get inside a home, building, or hard top automobile (not a convertible). Although you may be injured if lightning strikes your car, you are much safer inside a vehicle than outside.
- Remember, rubber-soled shoes and rubber tires provide NO protection from lightning. However, the steel frame of a hard-topped vehicle provides increased protection if you are not touching metal.
- Secure outdoor objects that could blow away or cause damage.
- Shutter windows and secure outside doors. If shutters are not available, close window blinds, shades, or curtains.



- Avoid showering or bathing. Plumbing and bathroom fixtures can conduct electricity.
- Use a corded telephone only for emergencies. Cordless and cellular telephones are safe to use.
- Unplug appliances and other electrical items such as computers and turn off air conditioners. Power surges from lightning can cause serious damage.
- Use your battery-operated NOAA Weather Radio All Hazards for updates from local officials.

Avoid the Following

- Natural lightning rods such as a tall, isolated tree in an open area.
- Hilltops, open fields, the beach, or a boat on the water.
- Isolated sheds or other small structures in open areas.
- Anything metal—tractors, farm equipment, motorcycles, golf carts, golf clubs, and bicycles.

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Wisconsin Emergency Management http://ready.wi.gov Phone: 608-242-3232 Fax: 608-242-3247



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| If you are: | Then: |
|---|---|
| In a forest | Seek shelter in a low area under a thick growth of small trees. |
| In an open area | Go to a low place such as a ravine or valley. Be alert for flash floods. |
| On open water | Get to land and find shelter immediately. |
| Anywhere you feel your hair stand on end (which indicates that lightning is about to strike) | Squat low to the ground on the balls of your feet. Place your hands over your ears and your head be- tween your knees. Make yourself the smallest target possible and minimize your contact it the ground. DO NOT lie flat on the ground. |

For more information on emergency preparedness, please visit our website at http://ready.wi.gov. You'll find guidance on:

- Getting a Kit of emergency supplies for your home, car and workplace.
- Making a Plan to communicate with and locate your loved ones during an emergency.
- Being Informed about the types of emergencies that occur and the safety measures you should take.

You can also get additional information from your county emergency management director.

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